By: Senator(s) Furniss

To: Education;
Appropriations

SENATE BILL NO. 2954

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 37-13-91, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO TRANSFER THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE MISSISSIPPI COMPULSORY 2 SCHOOL ATTENDANCE LAW AND THE EMPLOYMENT OF SCHOOL ATTENDANCE 4 OFFICERS FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS OF THE STATE, AND TO REVISE THE STATUTORY SCALE FOR SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OFFICERS; TO REPEAL SECTION 37-13-81 THROUGH 5 6 7 37-13-91, WHICH ESTABLISH THE OFFICE OF COMPULSORY SCHOOL 8 ATTENDANCE ENFORCEMENT WITHIN THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION; BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF 9 AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 10 THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
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- 12 SECTION 1. Section 37-13-91, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 13 amended as follows:
- 14 37-13-91. (1) This section shall be referred to as the
- 15 "Mississippi Compulsory School Attendance Law."
- 16 (2) The following terms as used in this section are defined
- 17 as follows:
- 18 (a) "Parent" means the father or mother to whom a child
- 19 has been born, or the father or mother by whom a child has been
- 20 legally adopted.
- 21 (b) "Guardian" means a guardian of the person of a
- 22 child, other than a parent, who is legally appointed by a court of
- 23 competent jurisdiction.
- 24 (c) "Custodian" means any person having the present
- 25 care or custody of a child, other than a parent or guardian of the
- 26 child.
- 27 (d) "School day" means not less than five (5) and not
- 28 more than eight (8) hours of actual teaching in which both
- 29 teachers and pupils are in regular attendance for scheduled
- 30 schoolwork.
- 31 (e) "School" means any public school in this state or
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- 32 any nonpublic school in this state which is in session each school
- 33 year for at least one hundred eighty (180) school days, except
- 34 that the "nonpublic" school term shall be the number of days that
- 35 each school shall require for promotion from grade to grade.
- 36 (f) "Compulsory-school-age child" means a child who has
- 37 attained or will attain the age of six (6) years on or before
- 38 September 1 of the calendar year and who has not attained the age
- 39 of seventeen (17) years on or before September 1 of the calendar
- 40 year.
- 41 (g) "School attendance officer" means a <u>full-time</u>
- 42 person employed by the <u>district attorney assigned to monitor</u>
- 43 <u>compulsory attendance</u>.
- (h) "Appropriate school official" means the
- 45 superintendent of the school district or his designee or, in the
- 46 case of a nonpublic school, the principal or the headmaster.
- 47 (i) "Nonpublic school" means an institution for the
- 48 teaching of children, consisting of a physical plant, whether
- 49 owned or leased, including a home, instructional staff members and
- 50 students, and which is in session each school year. This
- 51 definition shall include, but not be limited to, private, church,
- 52 parochial and home instruction programs.
- 53 (3) A parent, guardian or custodian of a
- 54 compulsory-school-age child in this state shall cause the child to
- 55 enroll in and attend a public school or legitimate nonpublic
- 56 school for the period of time that the child is of compulsory
- 57 school age, except under the following circumstances:
- 58 (a) When a compulsory-school-age child is physically,
- 59 mentally or emotionally incapable of attending school as
- 60 determined by the appropriate school official based upon
- 61 sufficient medical documentation.
- (b) When a compulsory-school-age child is enrolled in
- 63 and pursuing a course of special education, remedial education or
- 64 education for handicapped or physically or mentally disadvantaged
- 65 children.

- 66 (c) When a compulsory-school-age child is being
- 67 educated in a legitimate home instruction program.
- The parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age
- 69 child described in this subsection, or the parent, guardian or
- 70 custodian of a compulsory-school-age child attending any nonpublic
- 71 school, or the appropriate school official for any or all children
- 72 attending a nonpublic school shall complete a "certificate of
- 73 enrollment" in order to facilitate the administration of this
- 74 section.
- 75 The form of the certificate of enrollment shall be prepared
- 76 by the Office of Compulsory School Attendance Enforcement of the
- 77 State Department of Education and shall be designed to obtain the
- 78 following information only:
- 79 (i) The name, address, telephone number and date
- 80 of birth of the compulsory-school-age child;
- 81 (ii) The name, address and telephone number of the
- 82 parent, guardian or custodian of the compulsory-school-age child;
- 83 (iii) A simple description of the type of
- 84 education the compulsory-school-age child is receiving and, if the
- 85 child is enrolled in a nonpublic school, the name and address of
- 86 the school; and
- 87 (iv) The signature of the parent, guardian or
- 88 custodian of the compulsory-school-age child or, for any or all
- 89 compulsory-school-age child or children attending a nonpublic
- 90 school, the signature of the appropriate school official and the
- 91 date signed.
- The certificate of enrollment shall be returned to the school
- 93 attendance officer where the child resides on or before September
- 94 15 of each year. Any parent, guardian or custodian found by the
- 95 school attendance officer to be in noncompliance with this section
- 96 shall comply, after written notice of the noncompliance by the
- 97 school attendance officer, with this subsection within ten (10)
- 98 days after the notice or be in violation of this section.
- 99 However, in the event the child has been enrolled in a public

- 100 school within fifteen (15) calendar days after the first day of
- 101 the school year as required in subsection (6), the parent or
- 102 custodian may at a later date enroll the child in a legitimate
- 103 nonpublic school or legitimate home instruction program and send
- 104 the certificate of enrollment to the school attendance officer and
- 105 be in compliance with this subsection.
- 106 For the purposes of this subsection, a legitimate nonpublic
- 107 school or legitimate home instruction program shall be those not
- 108 operated or instituted for the purpose of avoiding or
- 109 circumventing the compulsory attendance law.
- 110 (4) An "unlawful absence" is an absence during a school day
- 111 by a compulsory-school-age child, which absence is not due to a
- 112 valid excuse for temporary nonattendance. Days missed from school
- 113 due to disciplinary suspension shall not be considered an
- 114 "excused" absence under this section. This subsection shall not
- 115 apply to children enrolled in a nonpublic school.
- 116 Each of the following shall constitute a valid excuse for
- 117 temporary nonattendance of a compulsory-school-age child enrolled
- in a public school, provided satisfactory evidence of the excuse
- 119 is provided to the superintendent of the school district or his
- 120 designee:
- 121 (a) An absence is excused when the absence results from
- 122 the compulsory-school-age child's attendance at an authorized
- 123 school activity with the prior approval of the superintendent of
- 124 the school district or his designee. These activities may include
- 125 field trips, athletic contests, student conventions, musical
- 126 festivals and any similar activity.
- 127 (b) An absence is excused when the absence results from
- 128 illness or injury which prevents the compulsory-school-age child
- 129 from being physically able to attend school.
- 130 (c) An absence is excused when isolation of a
- 131 compulsory-school-age child is ordered by the county health
- 132 officer, by the State Board of Health or appropriate school
- 133 official.

- 134 (d) An absence is excused when it results from the death or serious illness of a member of the immediate family of a 135 136 compulsory-school-age child. The immediate family members of a compulsory-school-age child shall include children, spouse, 137 138 grandparents, parents, brothers and sisters, including
- 139 stepbrothers and stepsisters.
- 140 (e) An absence is excused when it results from a 141 medical or dental appointment of a compulsory-school-age child 142 where an approval of the superintendent of the school district or 143 his designee is gained before the absence, except in the case of 144 emergency.
- An absence is excused when it results from the 145 (f) attendance of a compulsory-school-age child at the proceedings of 146 147 a court or an administrative tribunal if the child is a party to 148 the action or under subpoena as a witness.
 - An absence may be excused if the religion to which the compulsory-school-age child or the child's parents adheres, requires or suggests the observance of a religious event. approval of the absence is within the discretion of the superintendent of the school district or his designee, but approval should be granted unless the religion's observance is of such duration as to interfere with the education of the child.
- 156 An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated 157 to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district 158 or his designee that the purpose of the absence is to take 159 advantage of a valid educational opportunity such as travel 160 including vacations or other family travel. Approval of the 161 absence must be gained from the superintendent of the school 162 district or his designee before the absence, but the approval 163 shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 164 An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district 165 166 or his designee that conditions are sufficient to warrant the 167 compulsory-school-age child's nonattendance. However, no absences

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shall be excused by the school district superintendent or his
designee when any student suspensions or expulsions circumvent the
intent and spirit of the compulsory attendance law.

(5) Any parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child subject to this section who refuses or willfully fails to perform any of the duties imposed upon him or her under this section or who intentionally falsifies any information required to be contained in a certificate of enrollment, shall be guilty of contributing to the neglect of a child and, upon conviction, shall be punished in accordance with Section 97-5-39.

Upon prosecution of a parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child for violation of this section, the presentation of evidence by the prosecutor that shows that the child has not been enrolled in school within eighteen (18) calendar days after the first day of the school year of the public school which the child is eligible to attend, or that the child has accumulated twelve (12) unlawful absences during the school year at the public school in which the child has been enrolled, shall establish a prima facie case that the child's parent, guardian or custodian is responsible for the absences and has refused or willfully failed to perform the duties imposed upon him or her under this section. However, no proceedings under this section shall be brought against a parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child unless the school attendance officer has contacted promptly the home of the child and has provided written notice to the parent, guardian or custodian of the requirement for the child's enrollment or attendance.

196 (6) If a compulsory-school-age child has not been enrolled
197 in a school within fifteen (15) calendar days after the first day
198 of the school year of the school which the child is eligible to
199 attend or the child has accumulated five (5) unlawful absences
200 during the school year of the public school in which the child is
201 enrolled, the school district superintendent shall report, within

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- 202 two (2) school days or within five (5) calendar days, whichever is
- 203 less, the absences to the school attendance officer. The State
- 204 Department of Education shall prescribe a uniform method for
- 205 schools to utilize in reporting the unlawful absences to the
- 206 school attendance officer. The superintendent, or his designee,
- 207 also shall report any student suspensions or student expulsions to
- 208 the school attendance officer when they occur.
- 209 (7) When a school attendance officer has made all attempts
- 210 to secure enrollment and/or attendance of a compulsory-school-age
- 211 child and is unable to effect the enrollment and/or attendance,
- 212 the attendance officer shall file a petition with the youth court
- 213 under Section 43-21-451 or shall file a petition in a court of
- 214 competent jurisdiction as it pertains to parent or child. The
- 215 youth court shall expedite a hearing to make an appropriate
- 216 adjudication and a disposition to ensure compliance with the
- 217 Compulsory School Attendance Law, and may order the child to
- 218 enroll or reenroll in school. The superintendent of the school
- 219 district to which the child is ordered may assign, in his
- 220 discretion, the child to the alternative school program of the
- 221 school established pursuant to Section 37-13-92.
- 222 (8) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and
- 223 regulations for the purpose of reprimanding any school
- 224 superintendents who fail to timely report unexcused absences under
- 225 the provisions of this section.
- 226 (9) Notwithstanding any provision or implication herein to
- 227 the contrary, it is not the intention of this section to impair
- 228 the primary right and the obligation of the parent or parents, or
- 229 person or persons in loco parentis to a child, to choose the
- 230 proper education and training for such child, and nothing in this
- 231 section shall ever be construed to grant, by implication or
- 232 otherwise, to the State of Mississippi, any of its officers,
- 233 agencies or subdivisions any right or authority to control,
- 234 manage, supervise or make any suggestion as to the control,
- 235 management or supervision of any private or parochial school or

236	institution for the education or training of children, of any kind		
237	whatsoever that is not a public school according to the laws of		
238	this state; and this section shall never be construed so as to		
239	grant, by implication or otherwise, any right or authority to any		
240	state agency or other entity to control, manage, supervise,		
241	provide for or affect the operation, management, program,		
242	curriculum, admissions policy or discipline of any such school or		
243	home instruction program.		
244	(10) Each district attorney shall employ the number of		
245	school attendance officers determined to be necessary according to		
246	the following: From and after July 1, 1999, the state shall		
247	provide funding for one (1) school attendance officer employed by		
248	the district attorney for each two thousand five hundred (2,500),		
249	or major fraction thereof, of compulsory-school-age children as		
250	defined in subsection (2)(f) of this section in enrollment in the		
251	public schools of the county for the purpose of employing school		
252	attendance officers as defined in subsection (2)(g) of this		
253	section. Each district attorney shall be allotted at least one		
254	(1) school attendance officer for each county within the		
255	jurisdiction of the district attorney's circuit court district,		
256	but in no case shall state funds be used to fund more than five		
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	(5) attendance officers per county. Provided further, that the		
258	(5) attendance officers per county. Provided further, that the State Board of Education shall not approve funding more than one		
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259	State Board of Education shall not approve funding more than one (1) school attendance officer in any county until justification		
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270	<u>5 - 8 years</u>	<u>23,060.00</u>	
271	<u>9 - 12 years</u>	24,690.00	
272	<u> 13 - 16 years</u>	26,320.00	
273	<u>Over 17 years</u>	27,940.00	
274	(b) For school attendance of	ficers holding a license as	
275	a social worker, the annual salary shal	l be based on years of	
276	experience as a school attendance officer or related field of		
277	service or employment, no less than as follows:		
278	Years of Experience	<u>Salary</u>	
279	<u>0 - 4 years</u>	\$22,100.00	
280	<u>5 - 8 years</u>	24,560.00	
281	<u>9 - 12 years</u>	26,530.00	
282	<u> 13 - 16 years</u>	28,500.00	
283	<u> 17 - 20 years</u>	30,470.00	
284	<u>Over 21 years</u>	32,440.00	
285	(c) For school attendance officers holding a master's		
286	degree in a behavioral science or a rela	ated field, the annual	
287	salary shall be based on years of experience as a school		
288	attendance officer or related field of service or employment, no		
289	<pre>less than as follows:</pre>		
290	Years of Experience	<u>Salary</u>	
291	<u>0 - 4 years</u>	\$22,960.00	
292	<u>5 - 8 years</u>	<u>25,680.00</u>	
293	<u>9 - 12 years</u>	<u>27,870.00</u>	
294	<u>13 - 16 years</u>	30,050.00	
295	<u> 17 - 20 years</u>	32,230.00	
296	Over 21 years	34,420.00	
297	SECTION 2. Sections 37-13-81, 37-	13-83, 37-13-85, 37-13-87,	
298	37-13-89 and 37-13-91, Mississippi Code of 1972, which establish		
299	the Office of Compulsory School Attendance Enforcement with the		
300	State Department of Education, are repealed.		
301	SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from		
302	and after its passage.		